## Federal Acquisition Regulation

- (b) The order may be placed on any form or document that is acceptable to both agencies. The order should include—
- (1) A description of the supplies or services required;
  - (2) Delivery requirements;
  - (3) A funds citation;
- (4) A payment provision (see 17.502–2(d)) for Economy Act orders); and
- (5) Acquisition authority as may be appropriate (see 17.503(d)).
- (c) The requesting and servicing agencies should agree to procedures for the resolution of disagreements that may arise under interagency acquisitions, including, in appropriate circumstances, the use of a third-party forum. If a third party is proposed, consent of the third party should be obtained in writing.
- (d) When an interagency acquisition requires the servicing agency to award a contract, the following procedures also apply:
- (1) If a justification and approval or a D&F (other than the requesting agency's D&F required in 17.502–2(c)) is required by law or regulation, the servicing agency shall execute and issue the justification and approval or D&F. The requesting agency shall furnish the servicing agency any information needed to make the justification and approval or D&F.
- (2) The requesting agency shall also be responsible for furnishing other assistance that may be necessary, such as providing information or special contract terms needed to comply with any condition or limitation applicable to the funds of the requesting agency.
- (3) The servicing agency is responsible for compliance with all other legal or regulatory requirements applicable to the contract, including—
- (i) Having adequate statutory authority for the contractual action; and
- (ii) Complying fully with the competition requirements of part 6 (see 6.002). However, if the servicing agency is not subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the requesting agency shall verify that contracts utilized to meet its requirements contain provisions protecting the Government from inappropriate charges (for example, provisions mandated for FAR agencies

by part 31), and that adequate contract administration will be provided.

(e) Nonsponsoring Federal agencies may use a Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDC) only if the terms of the FFRDC's sponsoring agreement permit work from other than a sponsoring agency. Work placed with the FFRDC is subject to the acceptance by the sponsor and must fall within the purpose, mission, general scope of effort, or special competency of the FFRDC. (See 35.017; see also 6.302 for procedures to follow where using other than full and open competition.) The nonsponsoring agency shall provide to the sponsoring agency necessary documentation that the requested work would not place the FFRDC in direct competition with domestic private industry.

[75 FR 77735, Dec. 13, 2010, as amended at 77 FR 186, Jan. 3, 2012]

### 17.504 Reporting requirements.

- (a) The senior procurement executive for each executive agency shall submit to the Director of OMB an annual report on interagency acquisitions, as directed by OMB.
- (b) The contracting officer for the servicing agency shall ensure that service contractor reporting requirements are met in accordance with subpart 4.17, Service Contracts Inventory.

# Subpart 17.6—Management and Operating Contracts

## 17.600 Scope of subpart.

[78 FR 80375, Dec. 31, 2013]

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for management and operating contracts for the Department of Energy and any other agency having requisite statutory authority.

#### 17.601 Definition.

Management and operating contract means an agreement under which the Government contracts for the operation, maintenance, or support, on its behalf, of a Government-owned or -controlled research, development, special production, or testing establishment wholly or principally devoted to one or more major programs of the contracting Federal agency.